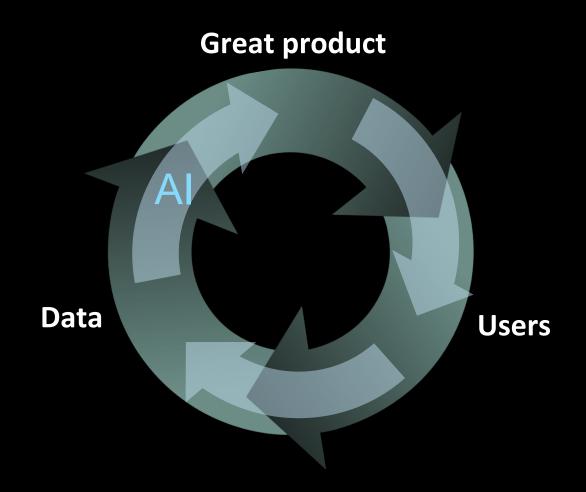
Deep Learning

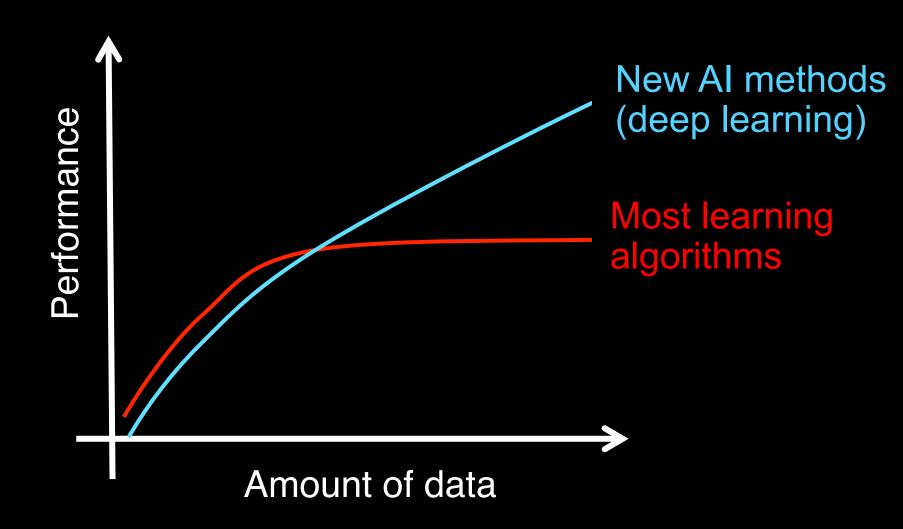
Andrew Ng

Thanks to Adam Coates, Kai Yu, Tong Zhang, Sameep Tandon, Swati Dube, Brody Huval, Tao Wang,

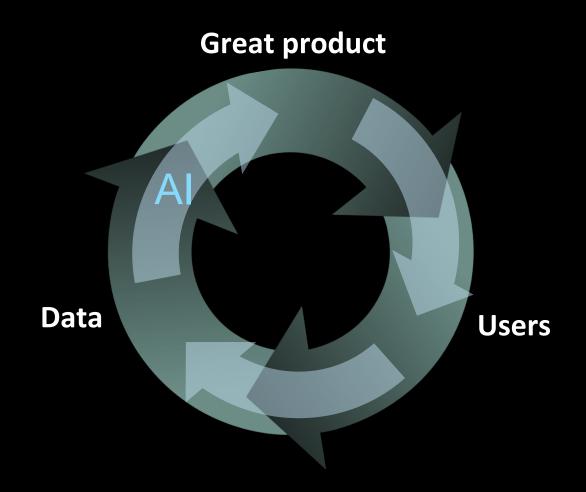
Virtuous circle of Al



Data and machine learning



Virtuous circle of Al



Deep Learning



Adam Coates, Yoshua Bengio, Tom Dean, Jeff Dean, Nando de Freitas, Jeff Hawkins, Geoff Hinton, Quoc Le, Yann LeCun, Honglak Lee, Tommy Poggio, Ruslan Salakhutdinov, Yoram Singer, Josh Tenenbaum, Kai Yu, Tong Zhang,

Things we want to do with data

Images Label image **Audio** Speech recognition The New york Times **Text** Web search

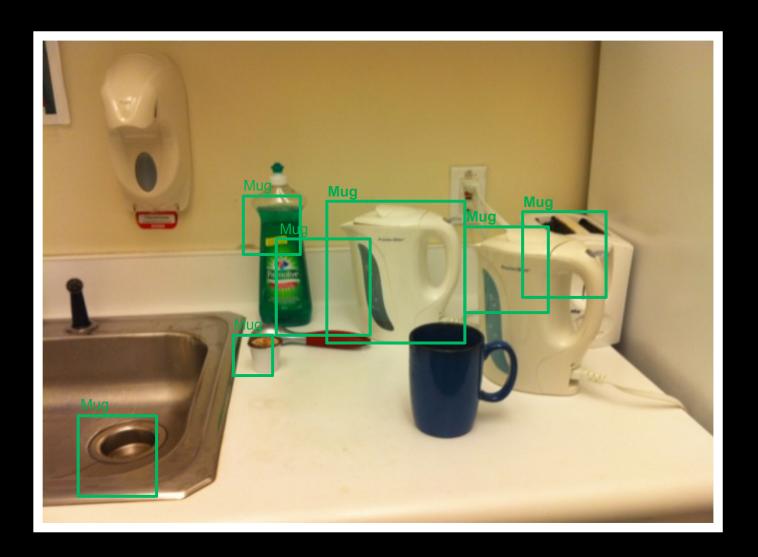
STanford Al Robot (STAIR)



Computer vision: Identify coffee mug



Computer vision: Identify coffee mug



Why is computer vision hard?



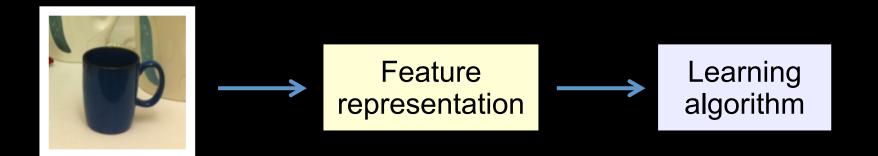
	The camera sees :											
1	194	210	201	212	199	213	215	195	178	158	182	209
1	180	189	190	221	209	205	191	167	147	115	129	163
1	114	126	140	188	176	165	152	140	170	106	78	88
1	87	103	115	154	143	142	149	153	173	101	57	57
1	102	112	106	131	122	138	152	147	128	84	58	66
	94	95	79	104	105	124	129	113	107	87	69	67
	68	71	69	98	89	92	98	95	89	88	76	67
	41	56	68	99	63	45	60	82	58	76	75	65
	20	43	69	75	56	41	51	73	55	70	63	44
	50	50	57	69	75	75	73	74	53	68	59	37
	72	59	53	66	84	92	84	74	57	72	63	42
	67	61	58	65	75	78	76	73	59	75	69	50

Computer vision

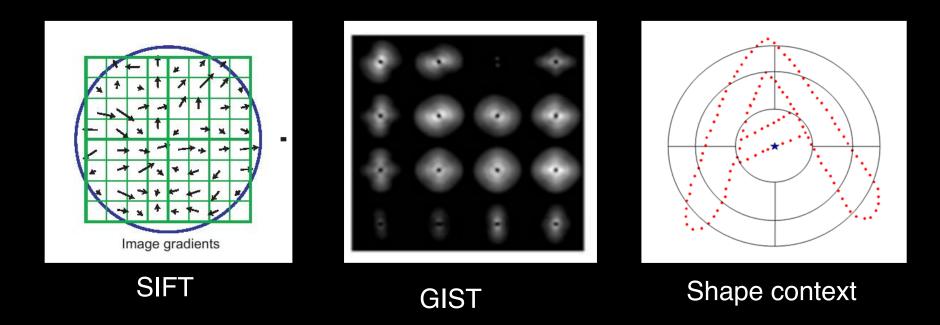


Learning algorithm

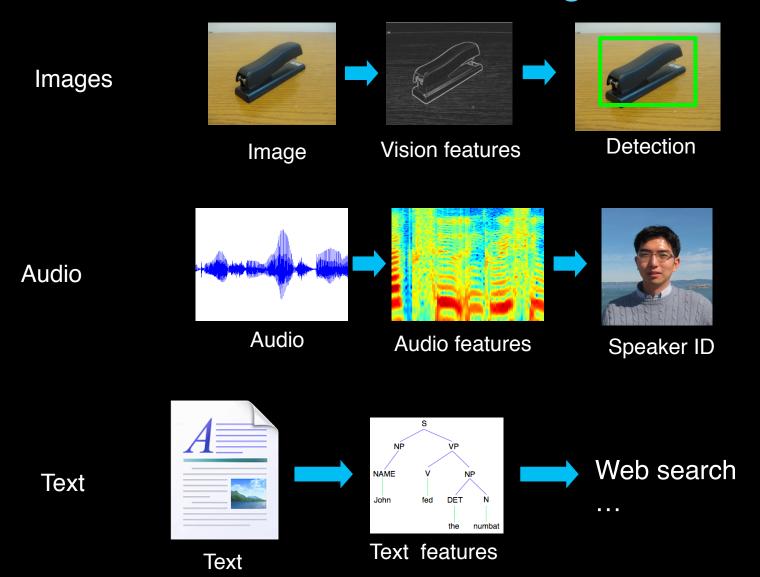
Computer vision



Features for vision



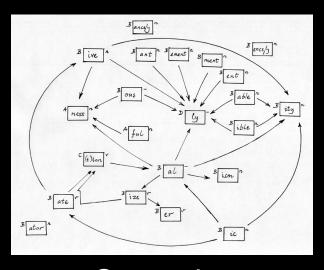
Features for machine learning



Features for text

```
S SEM (<PAST SEES1> ev1 (NAME j1 "Jill") (THE d1 : (DOG1 d1)))
 VAR ev1
NP SEM (NAME j1 "Jill")
  VAR i1
        VP SEM (\lambda \times (<PAST | SEES1> ev1 \times (THE | d1 : (DOG1 | d1)))
           VAR ev1
                                 NP SEM (THE d1 : (DOG1 d1))
                                    VAR d1
NAME SEM "Jill"
                                            CNP SEM DOG1
      VAR j1
             V SEM <PAST SEES1>
                                               N SEM DOG1
               VAR ev1
                              DET SEM THE
                                                 VAR d1
                                  VAR t1
     Ji11
```

```
<DOC>
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<DOCNO> 940413-0062. 
         Who's News:
  Burns Fry Ltd. </HL>
<DD> 04/13/94 </DD>
<SO> WALL STREET JOURNAL (J), PAGE B10 </SO>
         MER </CO>
<IN> SECURITIES (SCR) </IN>
\langle TXT \rangle
>
                    (Toronto)
named executive vice president and director of
brokerage firm. Mr. Wright resigned as president
Canada Inc., a unit of Merrill Lynch & Co., to
Kassirer, 48, who left Burns Fry last month. A
spokeswoman said it hasn't named a successor to
expected to begin his new position by the end o
</TXT>
</DOC>
```



Parser

Named entity

Stemming

The idea:

Most perception (input processing) in the brain may be due to one learning algorithm.



The idea:

Build learning algorithms that mimic the brain.

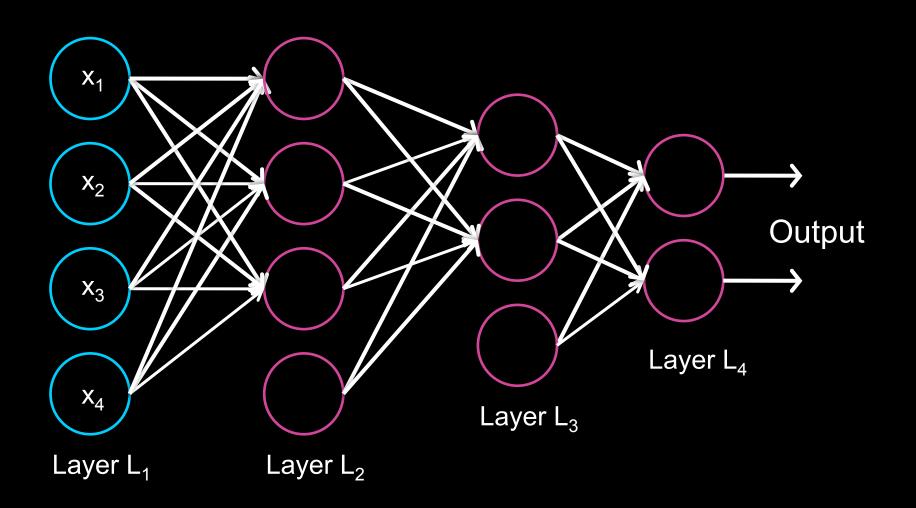
Most of human intelligence may be due to one learning algorithm.



Neurons in the brain



Neural Network (Deep Learning)



Deep Learning trends

Now

0-2 years Tagged data 3-5 years
Tagged & untagged data





Learning from tagged data (supervised)



Coffee mug



Coffee mug



Coffee mug



Coffee mug



Coffee mug

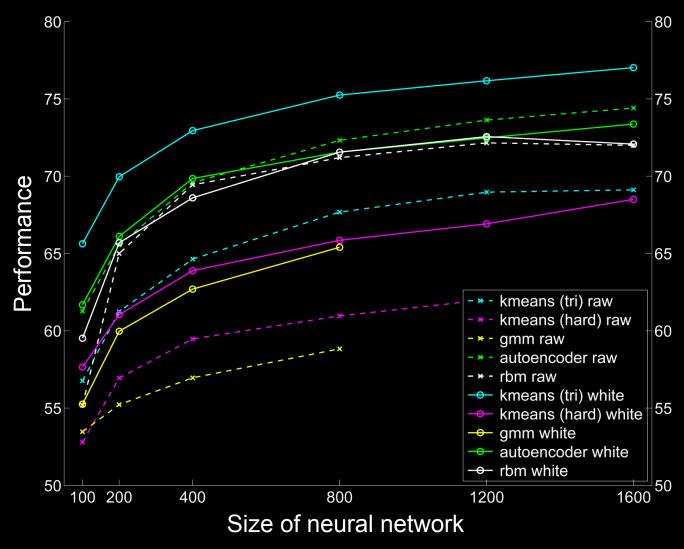


Coffee mug

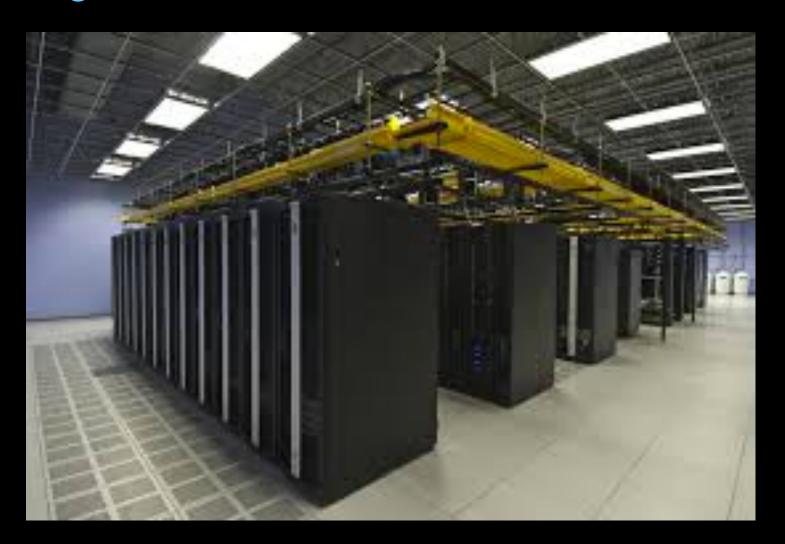
Testing: What is this?



Bigger is better



Google Brain



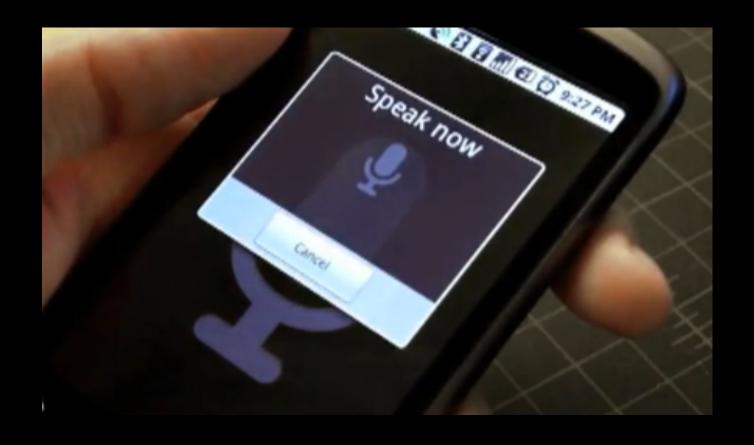
Al as a computer systems problem

10 million connections



1 billion connections

Speech recognition, and more....



[with Vincent Vanhoucke]

Deep Learning applications







Speech recognition

Image Search

Ads; Web search

Tagged vs. untagged data



Coffee mug



Coffee mug



Coffee mug



Coffee mug

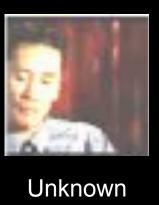


Coffee mug



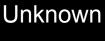
Coffee mug

Untagged data (unsupervised learning)









Unknown

Unknown







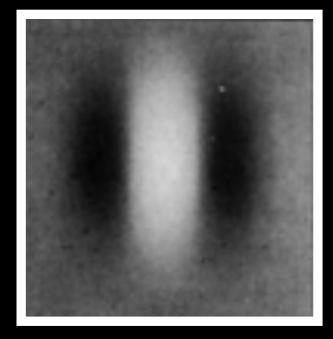
Unknown

Unknown

Unknown

How does the brain process images?

Visual cortex looks for lines/edges.



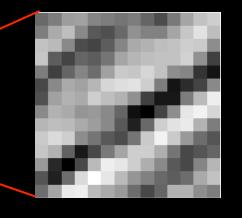
Neuron #1 of visual cortex (model)



Neuron #2 of visual cortex (model)

Start with Image patches

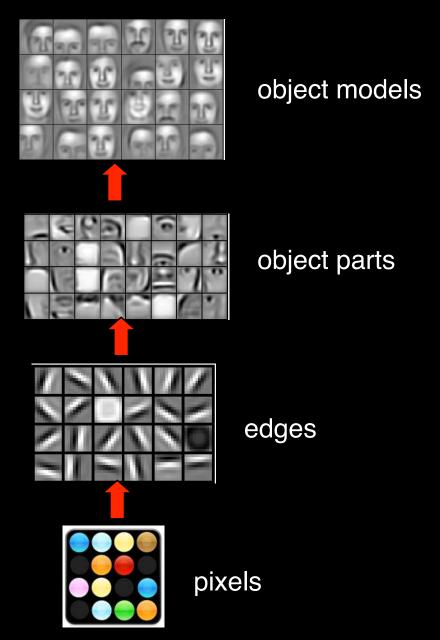




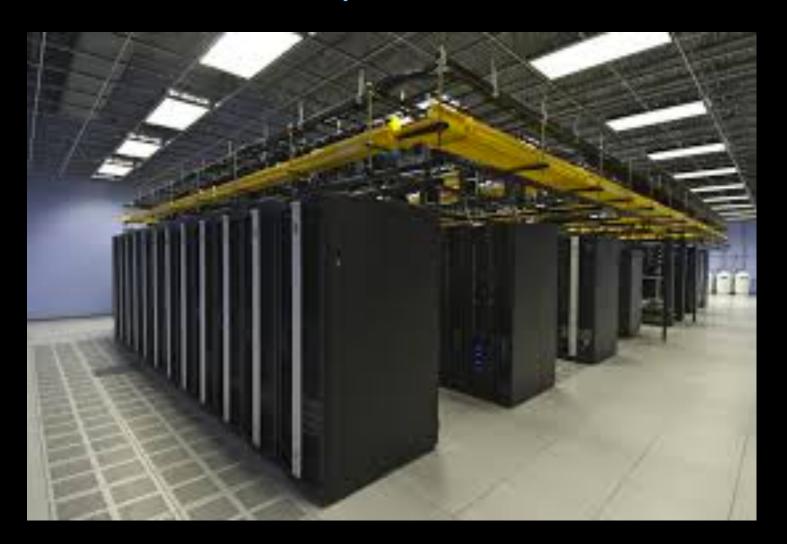
D 1	4	X	1	4

152	147	128	84
129	113	107	87
98	95	89	88
60	82	58	76
51	73	55	70

Deep Learning



16,000 CPUs is expensive



GPUs (Graphics Processor Unit)



[Adam Coates, Bryan Catanzaro, et al.]

Building huge neural networks

10 million connections

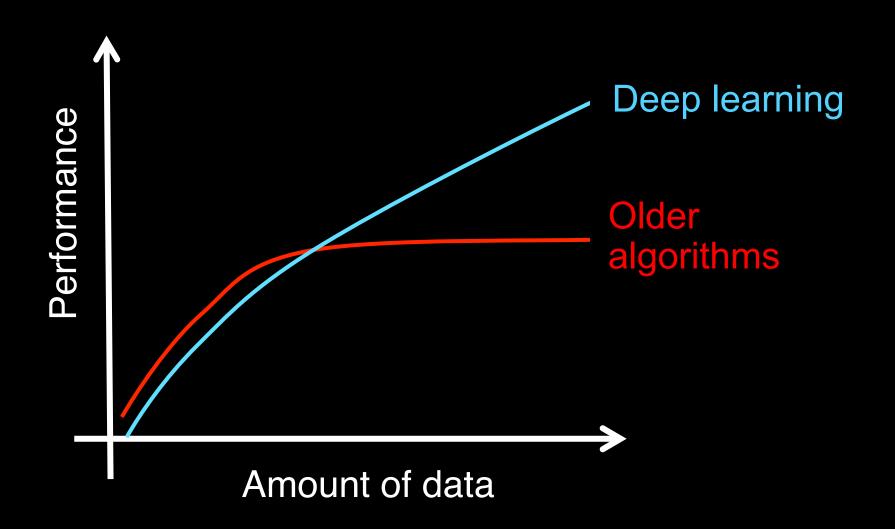


1 billion connections

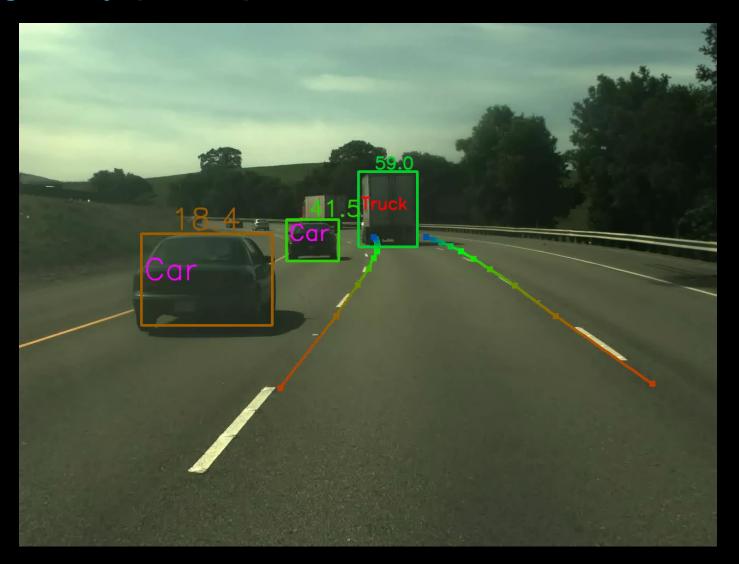


10 billion connections

Learning from tagged data



Highway perception



Deep Learning trends

0-2 years
Tagged data

3-5 years
Tagged & untagged data

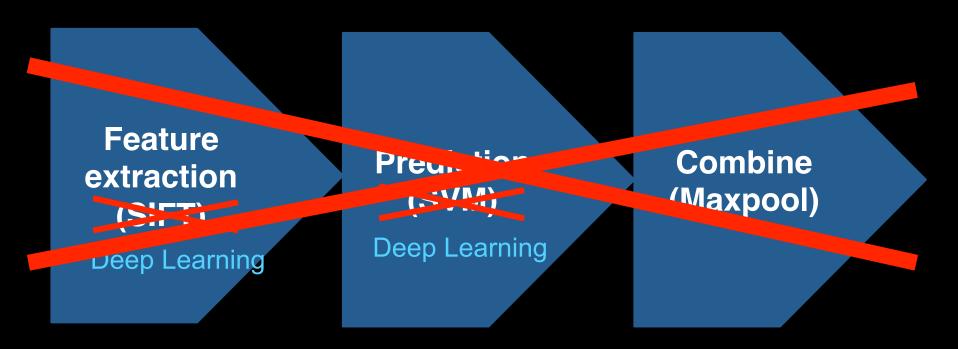




Untagged data and AI (unsupervised learning)



Computer vision (~6 years)



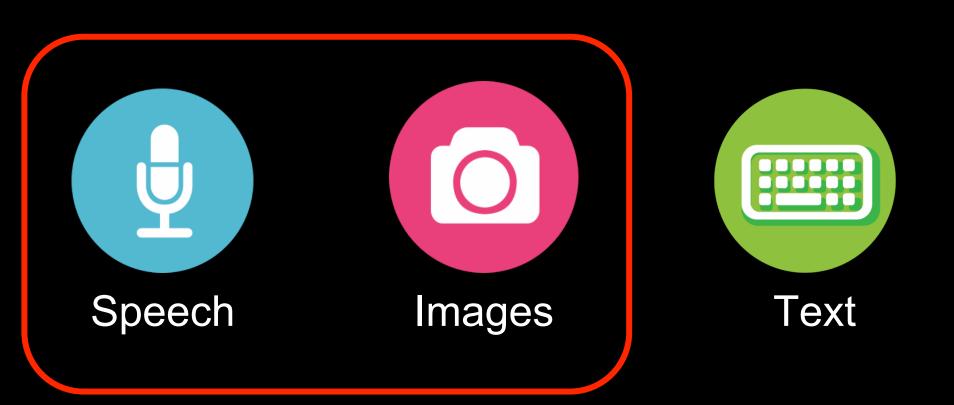
Deep Learning

Speech recognition (next 2-3 years?)



Deep Learning

Al will transform the internet







From Control to Perception









Al will transform the internet

Technology areas with potential for paradigm shift:

- Computer vision
- Speech recognition & speech synthesis
- Language understanding: Machine translation;
 Web search; Dialog systems;
- Advertising
- Personalization/recommendation systems
- Robotics

All this is hard: scalability, algorithms.



Thank you.

Thanks to Adam Coates, Yu Kai, Zhang Tong, Sameep Tandon, Swati Dube, Brody Huval, Tao Wang,

Tutorial: deeplearning.stanford.edu